Take Charge!

Your Estate Planning Guide and Organizer







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Do I need to have an estate plan? Do I need to see an attorney? How often should I update my plan? What if I have a plan but want to change one thing?

Introduction

Welcome to Your Estate Planning Guide and Organizer. You've just taken the hardest step in estate planning which is to sit down and get started. As an exercise instructor of an early morning class used to say, "You're here at 6:00 in the morning! The hardest part is done — the rest is easy!" And just as you can feel good when exercise class is over, you will also feel good once you have an estate plan in place. There are several benefits to making an estate plan:

- foreseen (your passing) does occur.
- they need it the most.
- >> Distribution that You Want without an estate plan of some type, the laws of love and causes you care about.



>> Peace of Mind for You — an estate plan is designed to provide for you during life should the unforeseen (your incapacity) happen and for your family when the

>> Peace of Mind for Your Family — an estate plan and documents will help guide your family if they need to make difficult decisions about your care and provide the authority they might need to do so, and to know what to do when you are gone. Consider your plan a final gift to your family and other loved ones at the very time

your state determine what happens to your property. This is called *intestate succession* (property inheritance when there is no will). Very likely the distributions it dictates will NOT be the ones you would have chosen. And no state distribution law provides for gifts to friends or charities, or makes provisions for your pets. Make sure what you've earned and accumulated in your lifetime goes to help those you

Provide for Your Family — an estate plan is especially important if you have minor children as it will name a guardian to care for your children and in many instances establishes a trust to help ensure their financial well-being.

Financially Wise — a good estate plan will help streamline the distribution process, minimize administrative costs, and possibly reduce taxes that might otherwise be owed. That means you leave the most you can to the people you love and the causes you care about.

In this booklet, we will first spend some time talking about the key elements of an estate plan, the documents you should have, and some charitable giving ideas you might want to incorporate into your estate plan. Then you'll have the opportunity to record personal and financial information that you need to share with your family and to create your estate plan. (Note: if you are married or have a partner, it will be most helpful if each of you complete separate information inventories.) Finally, we end with some frequently asked questions and answers.

Let's get started.



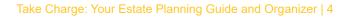
Key Elements of an Estate Plan

RELATED TO YOUR FINAL WISHES

- witnesses, is valid.
- property into it for it to be effective.

There are pros and cons with each approach and an estate planning attorney can advise you as to which is best for your situation.

Note: even if you decide upon a revocable living trust, you should still have what is called a "pour-over" will. It catches any property that was, intentionally or inadvertently, left out of the trust during your life and is not transferred in another way. While this property will still need to go through probate, it will eventually be distributed according to your trust instructions instead of being distributed under state law provisions.



• Will. A valid will is generally typed, dated, and signed by you as well as two legally competent witnesses. States differ as to whether a handwritten will, with or without

• Revocable Living Trust. This can be used instead of a will as the main document disposing of your property. You might hear it referred to as a "living trust" or "RLT." The trust is created while you are living, most often people serve as their own trustee, and the power to change and even revoke it can be retained. The living trust becomes irrevocable upon your death. A living trust requires that you actually transfer your



- Beneficiary Designations. These are the forms you fill out when you do things like open a bank or stock brokerage account, establish an IRA or other type of retirement plan, purchase a commercial annuity or life insurance policy, that say who will receive whatever remains upon your passing (or the death benefit in the case of life insurance).
- Form of Ownership. Jointly owned property that is 'jointly owned with right of survivorship' passes directly to the surviving joint owner regardless of what the will or living trust might provide. This is most often seen with real estate but can involve other types of property as well. If you live in a community property state, your half of the community property will pass automatically to your spouse.

These latter two means of passing property can have a profound impact on how your overall estate is distributed and should be considered as part of any coordinated plan.

PROVIDE FOR PHYSICAL OR MENTAL INCAPACITY

- Power of Attorney (POA) for financial matters. This document grants to someone you trust the ability to act on your behalf for a variety of potential transactions and responsibilities. When the POA becomes effective and the extent of the authority granted can be tailored to your particular desires.
- Power of Attorney for health care decisions. This document appoints someone to make decisions for you regarding medical treatment if you are not able to do so. It allows you to specify who is in charge of making critical treatment decisions and, perhaps more importantly, who does not have that authority.
- Health Care Directive. Sometimes referred to as an "advance directive" or "living will" (not to be confused with a living trust), this specifies the type of end-of-life treatment you want to receive. It is a directive to the physicians treating you and for the person holding your Health Care Power of Attorney.
- Physician's Order for (i.e., regarding) Life Sustaining Treatment (POLST). This allows for your doctor, working with you, to document for the benefit of health care providers your wishes regarding resuscitation and other life sustaining procedures.

Steps to Having an Estate Plan

Depending on your situation, creating an estate plan doesn't have to be overly difficult or expensive. Here are some practical steps to get you started:

- booklet for just this purpose.
- designating this in your will, for maximum flexibility.
- start on those that are most top-of-mind.
- that purpose.
- co-workers for recommendations.

If you have any questions about our estate planning guide, or you would like to learn more about how your gift can help University of Vermont Foundation, please contact us at:

- call (802) 656-8417
- email giftplanning@uvm.edu

1. Take inventory of what you own. List all of your assets and their approximate value. Include pertinent information about that asset. There is a section later in this

2. Make a list of tangible personal property such as jewelry, dishes, books, furniture - items other than real estate and investments - and who is to receive each item upon your passing. You may want to maintain this as a separate list rather than

3. Think about your goals for your estate plan, for example, who you want to benefit, how you want to treat each of your children, any special needs that you want to provide for, what happens if you and your spouse both pass away close in time, and if there are charities or organizations you want to remember. Your attorney will most likely ask you about goals you didn't consider but at least you'll have a head

4. Consider whom you would like to name as your agents, e.g., the executor of your will or the trustee of your trust, the person to hold your power(s) of attorney, and gather pertinent information about them. There is also a section in this booklet for

5. Go see an attorney, preferably one who specializes in estate planning. If you don't have one or know of one to call, ask us for referrals or check with family, friends, or

- 6. Follow through on whatever actions are decided upon in the meeting with your attorney. Rely on the advice of your attorney and other professional advisors as you make your decisions.
- 7. Share your plans with others. Key documents are of little or no value if no one knows what they say or where to find them when they are needed. This is especially true for the person(s) you have designated to serve as your personal administrator/ executor under your will or the trustee of your living trust. It's also important to give loved ones at least a general sense of what to expect, so that there won't be surprises later on.
- 8. Relax and celebrate!



Consider Your Charitable Legacy

You may have charities that you believe in strongly and you may have supported these organizations throughout your lifetime. Making a gift provision to one or more charitable organizations in your estate can be a natural extension of that support. You might be surprised at how much you can leave or the personal and other family goals you can achieve with a charitable gift.

Bequest. This is a gift made through your will or living trust. You can leave a specified amount of money, a particular piece of property, or all or a portion of the 'residual' of your estate (what remains after your final expenses, debts, and specific gifts are paid). You can also make such a gift contingent. A contingency insures your wishes are carried out even though your circumstances may have changed since you wrote your will or living trust. See the page called "Bequest Language for Donors" on our website for sample bequest wording that you can share with your attorney.

Beneficiary Designation Gift. Just as you designate individuals to receive certain assets directly as your named beneficiary, you can name a charity to receive all or part of the asset. This is most commonly used with IRAs and other retirement plan assets and life insurance policies but it can also work with assets such as checking and savings accounts, brokerage accounts, and commercial annuities.

In addition to leaving a final legacy, bequests and beneficiary designations have the advantage of being flexible (give as little or as much as you like), revocable (generally they can be changed at any time), and perhaps most importantly, they leave the assets under your control should you need them during your lifetime.

Bequests and beneficiary designation gifts are fully deductible from your estate and there is no limit as to how much can be deducted.



Charitable Gift Annuity. This is a simple way to make a gift and receive fixed payments for life in return. In addition, you receive an income tax charitable deduction and the payments are partly tax-free. A gift annuity is arranged directly with the charity you wish to support. Once the payment obligation is met, the charity can use the remaining amount in its programs.

Charitable Remainder Trust. This is another way to support your favorite cause and receive tax benefits while securing an income for yourself and/or family members. A charitable remainder trust is an especially attractive gift if you would like to sell an appreciated asset, e.g, real estate held for investment purposes, and generate income from the sale without paying capital gains tax.

Charitable Lead Trust. A lead trust is the opposite of a remainder trust. The charity receives the payments first for each year the trust is in existence and at the end of the trust term, what is left is returned to you or to your heirs. This can be an excellent way to transfer substantial assets to your children while minimizing gift and estate taxes.

Retained Life Estate. You can give your home or farm to charity and continue living in it for the rest of your life. You have the satisfaction of knowing that this generous gift has been completed and the joy of saving on income taxes with the charitable deduction you will receive.



Essential Information Organizer

(*Contains confidential and sensitive information — keep in a secure location*)

This questionnaire is designed to help you organize your important information. This will in turn help you when you go to see an attorney to prepare your will and other key planning documents. It will also help your loved ones at a time when they need it the most — if you are no longer able to make decisions for yourself or if you have passed away.

While it will take some time to complete, the time couldn't be better spent. While death (and taxes) is a certainty, when it will happen is not, and there are other uncertainties in life. Imagine the peace of mind that will come from knowing you have done all that you can do for yourself and your loved ones to be prepared for the unexpected. Gathering information is your first step in this process.

Date: I. You and Your Family You Full Legal Name Maiden Name (if applicable) Address 1 Address 2 Phone Email

Date of Birth Place of Birth	Your Spouse
Social Security Number	Full Legal Name
	Maiden Name (if applicable)
Driver's License (state and number)	Address 1
Marital Status: Single Married Widowed Divorced Legally Separated	Address 2
	Phone
If married, place and date of marriage	E-mail
Do you have a prenuptial agreement?	Date of Birth Place of Birth
	Social Security Number
If widowed, divorced or legally separated, what date did this occur?	Driver's License (state and number)
Status — Are you a U.S. citizen or a Lawful Permanent Resident?	Status — Is your spouse a U.S. citizen or a Lawful Permanent Resident?
 □ No □ Born in the U.S. □ Naturalized (<i>date and place</i>) □ Lawful Permanent Resident □ Other Citizenship? 	No Born in the U.S. Naturalized (date and place) Lawful Permanent Resident Other Citizenship?
Are You: Employed Retired	Check what planning documents you have and their location:
Current or Most Recent Employer	
	Revocable Living Trust
Name	Health Care Directive
Phone	Physician's Order for Life Sustaining Treatment (POLST)
	Power of Attorney — Financial
Supervisor	Power of Attorney — Health
Position Start Date End Date	Personal Property Inventory
Company Benefits	
Military Service	Your Children
	First Child
Branch	Full Legal Name
Service Dates	Address 1Address 2
Military Identification #	Phone
Check what planning documents you have and their location:	E-mail
	Date of Birth Place of Birth
Will Power of Attorney — Financial Revocable Living Trust Power of Attorney — Health	Social Security Number
Health Care Directive Personal Property Inventory	Driver's License (state and number)
Physician's Order for Life Sustaining	Status Dependent Adopted Previous Marriage Special Needs Deceased
Treatment (POLST)	Date of adoption or death

Second Child

Address 2			
Phone	_		
E-mail			
Date of Birth	Place of Birth		
Social Security Number			
Driver's License (state and number)		_	
Status Dependent A	dopted Previous Marriage	Special Needs	Deceased
Date of adoption or death			
(Add additional pages as needed)			
(····· ·····)			
(,			
Your Grandchildren			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name Address 1			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name Address 1			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name Address 1			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name Address 1 Address 2 Phone			
Your Grandchildren First Grandchild Full Legal Name Parents Name Address 1 Address 2 Phone E-mail			

Your Parents

Mother			
Full Legal Name			
Address 1			
Address 2			
Phone			
E-mail			
Date of Birth	_ Place of Birth _		
Social Security Number			
Driver's License (state and number)			
Date of Death			
Father			
Full Legal Name			
Address 1			
Address 2			
Phone			
E-mail			
Date of Birth	Place of Birth		
Social Security Number			
Driver's License (state and number)			
Date of Death	Resting Place		
Your Pets			
First Pet			
Name			
Description			
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions			
Second Pet			
Name			
Description			
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions			
-			

Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		
E-mail		
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Social Security Number		
_		
Date of Death		
Father		
Full Legal Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		
E-mail		
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Social Security Number		
Driver's License (state and number)		
Date of Death	Resting Place	
Your Pets		
First Pet		
Name		
Description		
Vet Contact Information		
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions		
Second Pet		
Name		
Description		
Vet Contact Information		
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions	. <u></u>	
•		

Fi	rs	t	P	et	

Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		
E-mail		
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Social Security Number		
Driver's License (state and number)		
Date of Death	_ Resting Place	
Father		
Full Legal Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		
E-mail		
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Social Security Number		
Driver's License (state and number)		
Date of Death	Resting Place	
Your Pets		
First Pet		
Name		
Description		
Vet Contact Information		
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions		
Second Pet		
Name		
Description		
Vet Contact Information		
Food/Medicine/Special Instructions		

II. Professional Advisors

(Add additional pages as needed)

	☐ Tax Records
Physician	Location
Name	Preparer Name
Practice/Company	Contact Information
Contact Information	
Dentist	Safety Deposit Box(es)
Name	Location/Institution
Practice/Company	Address
Contact Information	Box Number
Attorney	Key Location
Name	Who Has Access Authority?
Practice/Company	
Contact Information	Social Security Payments
Financial Planner	Deposited to Account
Name	Bank Name
Practice/Company	Bank City/State
Contact Information	Phone Number
Accountant	Account Number
Name	
Practice/Company	Pension Information
Contact Information	Type of Plan
Broker	Company Name
Name	Address
Practice/Company	Benefit Value
Contact Information	Named Beneficiary ———
Life Insurance Agent	
Name	Insurance Policies — Disability/Accident
Practice/Company	Туре
Contact Information	Company
☐ Other	Contact Info
	Policy #

III. Financial Information

nt/Health

IV. Assets and Debts

Assets

Cash (checking, savings, money market, CDs)	Ν
Туре	Ir
Bank Name/Location	_
Account #	P
Maturity Date	0
Owned by You Alone \$	0
Owned Jointly with Spouse \$	le l
If co-owner is someone other than a spouse, note here:	
	Reti
Securities (stocks, bonds, mutual funds, savings bonds)	D
Description	C
Location/Firm	В
Number of Shares	0
Owned by You Alone \$	0
Owned Jointly with Spouse \$	
If co-owner is someone other than a spouse, note here:	
My securities broker is:	Debt
Name	D
Firm	D
Address/Phone	0
	0
Business Interests (Closely Held Stock, Partnerships, LLC Units)	lf
Business Name	
Location	Othe
Number of Shares/Percent	D
Owned by You Alone \$	C
Owned Jointly with Spouse \$	0
If co-owner is someone other than a spouse, note here:	0
	lf
Real Estate	
Description	Tang
Address	D
Date Purchased	D
Owned by You Alone \$	0
Owned Jointly with Spouse \$	0

Life Insurance/Annuities

Description	
Name of Company	
Insured/Annuitant	
Beneficiary	
Policy #	
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
If co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:
etirement Assets (IRAs, 401	(k), 403(b), etc.)
Description	
Custodian Name/Address	
Beneficiary	
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
	r than a spouse, note here:
ebts Owed to Me (mortgages	held, accounts or notes receivable)
Description	
Debter Neme/Address	
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	
If co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:
ther Income Producing Ass	ets (patents, royalties, copyrights, etc.)
Description	
Company	
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
If co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:
angible Personal Property (c	ars, jewelry, antiques, boats, collections, tools)
Description	
Date of Purchase	
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
If co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:

Name of Company	
	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
f co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:
irement Assets (IRAs, 401)	(k), 403(b), etc.)
Custodian Name/Address	
Beneficiary	•
Owned by You Alone	\$
Owned Jointly with Spouse	\$
f co-owner is someone othe	r than a spouse, note here:
ots Owed to Me (mortgages	held, accounts or notes receivable)
Description	
 Owned by You Alone	\$
	\$
	r than a spouse, note here:
er Income Producing Asso	ets (patents, royalties, copyrights, etc.)
Description	
-	
Owned by You Alone	
	\$
	r than a spouse, note here:
gible Personal Property (c	ars, jewelry, antiques, boats, collections, tools)
Description	· · · ·
Data of Durahaaa	
	\$
	\$
	r than a spouse, note here:

If co-owner is someone other than a spouse, note here:

Debts

Mortgages(first and second, h	ome equity)
Description/Loan #	
Creditor Name	
Owed by You Alone	\$
Owed Jointly with Spouse	\$
If co-debtor is someone oth	er than a spouse, note here:

Loans (insurance, bank, personal, business, car or boat)

Description/Loan #		
Creditor Name		
Owed by You Alone	\$_	
Owed Jointly with Spouse	\$_	
If co-debtor is someone othe		

Credit Cards

Description/Account #				
Creditor Name				
Owed by You Alone	\$			
Owed Jointly with Spouse	\$			
If co-debtor is someone other than a spouse, note here:				

All Other Debts or Obligations

Description/Loan #				
Creditor Name				
Owed by You Alone	\$			
Owed Jointly with Spouse	\$			
If co-debtor is someone other than a spouse, note here:				



V. Agents

Executor		
Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		E-mail
Relationship	, if not spouse	

Alternate Executor

Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		E-mail
Relationship	, if not spouse	

Guardian (if you have minor children)

<u>lote:</u> if there	e are two parents, usually th	ne first na
Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		E-mail
Relationship)	

Alternate Guardian

Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		E-mail
Relationship	·	

Power of Attorney — Healthcare

Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone		E-mail
Relationship	, if not spouse	•

named guardian will be a spouse

Alternate Power of Attorney — Healthcare

Name	
Address 1	
Address 2	
Phone	E-mail
Relationship	

Power of Attorney — Financial

Name			
Address 1			
Address 2			
Phone		E-mail	
Relationship	, if not spouse		

Alternate Power of Attorney — Financial

Name		
Address 1		
Address 2		
Phone	E-mail	
Relationship		



VI. Final Instructions

Body, Organ, Tissue Donation

I wish to donate my body, organs or tissue If yes, please describe your intention

Funeral Instructions

Funeral Home			
Funeral Arrangemen	nts		
Cremation	🗌 Burial	Body Dor	
I have prepaid funeral arrangements wit			

Preferred resting place

Preferred funeral and burial/cremation instructions Obituary (what you would like included)

∐ Yes	L] No	

nation ith (company, address, phone, amount paid)

Personal Statement to Loved Ones

(Take a few moments to think about what you want say to those you love that a will or living trust doesn't convey: what you feel is important in life, how you would like to be remembered, what you would like the next generation to know or, perhaps, simply what makes you happy).

Gifts to Heirs/Others

Description of asset/percent of estate

Beneficiary Name/Relationship/Address

(Add additional pages as needed)

Gifts to Charity

Legal Name of Charity/Tax ID #

Location

Amount \$

OR Percent of net estate

OR Description of asset

(Add additional pages as needed)

Residue of Estate

Individual Beneficiaries				
Name				
Address				
Percent of	residue			
Charitable Beneficiaries				
Legal Name/Tax ID #				
Address				
Percent of	residue			

Distribution of Estate

(if your state allows it, you can create a separate list for gifts of tangible personal property that can easily be changed and updated, see pg. 26)

Gifts to Spouse

Description of asset/percent of estate

Contingent Beneficiary Name/Address

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Gifts of Tangible Personal Property

This includes personal items that can easily be moved such as furniture, books, jewelry, kitchen goods, china, clothes, art and the like. If the items have a high financial value, talk with your attorney about the best way to transfer them. Whenever you update this list, make sure to make a copy and give the original to your executor or your attorney.

Description	Recipient	Contact Information	Burlington, Vermont 05401, Federal Tax ID nur sum of (\$)
1			to be used for its genera
2.			Gift of Property
			I give to The University of Vermont and State A Burlington, Vermont 05401, Federal Tax ID nur [description of property] to be used for its gene
			Gift of a Percent of the Net Estate
			I give to The University of Vermont and State A Burlington, Vermont 05401, Federal Tax ID nur stated percentage) of the rest, residue, and rer [or specify a different use].
			Contingent Gift
6			If my [name of primary beneficiary] does not su date of my death, or as a result of a common o
7			State Agricultural College Foundation, Inc., 41 Tax ID number 45-1556038, or its successor o residual estate] to be used for its general purp
8			
9			
10			
11			NEXT STEPS:
12			To receive further information and assistance on e
			help University of Vermont Foundation, please cocall (802) 656-8417
			email giftplanning@uvm.edu
Signature:		Date:	

Charitable Gifts — Sample Bequest Language

You may wish to include a charity in your will or living trust. If so, this is sample bequest language to share with your attorney.

Gift of Cash

I give to The University of Vermont and State Agricultural College Foundation, Inc., 411 Main Street, Burlington, Vermont 05401, Federal Tax ID number 45-1556038, or its successor organization, the sum of (\$_____)

al purposes [or specify a different use].

Agricultural College Foundation, Inc., 411 Main Street, mber 45-1556038, or its successor organization, eral purposes [or specify a different use].

Agricultural College Foundation, Inc., 411 Main Street, mber 45-1556038, or its successor organization, all (or mainder of my estate to be used for its general purposes

Survive me, or shall die within ninety (90) days from the disaster, then I give to The University of Vermont and 11 Main Street, Burlington, Vermont 05401, Federal organization, [describe cash, property or percentage of boses [or specify a different use]

estate planning, or to learn more about how your gift can ontact us at:

Frequently Asked Questions

Do I need to have an estate plan?

Yes. Regardless of the size of your estate, you still want what you have to go to those you love and care for and that your wishes are carried out. But a good estate plan does far more than that. It cares for you as well as your things. It grants a Power of Attorney for financial and health matters should you become incapacitated and states your wishes regarding final medical care. Your estate documents become a last expression of what you have valued in your life, expressed through a personal statement and by what you leave to whom. By being thoughtful and organized about your affairs you will have left a final, loving gift to your family and friends.

Do I need to see an attorney?

Yes. Estate planning is a very complex area of the law and shouldn't be left to a one-sizefits-all arrangement. This is especially true when you have a combined family. What is best for your sister and brother-in-law is not necessarily best for you! While there is a cost involved in preparing your plan, it is modest compared to the value of having appropriate arrangements for your family, minimizing probate fees and costs, and possibly saving state and federal estate taxes.

How often should I update my plan?

It is a good idea to update your plan every seven to ten years. Some people have an annual check-up with their attorney. Certainly whenever there is a significant event in your life such as the birth of a child or grandchild, sale of a business, retirement, or death of a spouse or other loved one, you should review your plan for necessary changes.

What if I have a plan, but want to change one thing?

If your plan is fairly current, it is easy to make a change or two, such as adding a charitable beneficiary. Your attorney can prepare an amendment to your will (called a "codicil") or to your living trust. Many times this can be done quickly and for a nominal cost.

*The information provided in this booklet is offered solely as general education information and is not intended to be a substitute for professional estate planning or legal advice. Because the laws of each state vary and your own circumstances are unique, you should seek the advice of your own attorney, tax advisor, and/or financial planner before deciding on a course of action and in creating your estate plan.

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